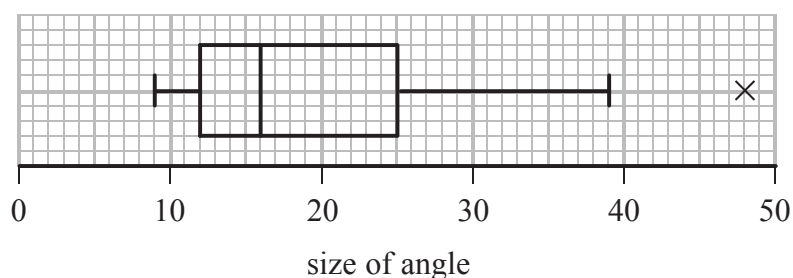




1. Each of 60 students was asked to draw a  $20^\circ$  angle without using a protractor. The size of each angle drawn was measured. The results are summarised in the box plot below.



- (a) Find the range for these data. (1)
- (b) Find the interquartile range for these data. (1)

The students were then asked to draw a  $70^\circ$  angle. The results are summarised in the table below.

Angle, $a$ , (degrees)	Number of students
$55 \leq a < 60$	6
$60 \leq a < 65$	15
$65 \leq a < 70$	13
$70 \leq a < 75$	11
$75 \leq a < 80$	8
$80 \leq a < 85$	7

- (c) Use linear interpolation to estimate the size of the median angle drawn. Give your answer to 1 decimal place. (2)
- (d) Show that the lower quartile is  $63^\circ$  (2)

For these data, the upper quartile is  $75^\circ$ , the minimum is  $55^\circ$  and the maximum is  $84^\circ$

An outlier is an observation that falls either more than  $1.5 \times$  (interquartile range) above the upper quartile or more than  $1.5 \times$  (interquartile range) below the lower quartile.

- (e) (i) Show that there are no outliers for these data.
- (ii) Draw a box plot for these data on the grid on page 3. (5)
- (f) State which angle the students were more accurate at drawing. Give reasons for your answer. (3)

















































